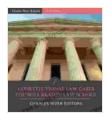
## Constitutional Law Cases You Will Read In Law School

Constitutional law is a fascinating and complex field of law. It governs the relationship between the government and its citizens, and it touches on some of the most fundamental questions about our society. If you're planning on attending law school, it's important to have a strong foundation in constitutional law. This book will provide you with that foundation.

This book is not a comprehensive treatise on constitutional law. Rather, it is a collection of the most important cases that you will read in law school. These cases have been carefully selected to provide you with a broad overview of the field. They cover a wide range of topics, including freedom of speech, religion, and the right to bear arms.

Each case is introduced with a brief overview of the facts and the legal issues involved. The text of the case is then provided, followed by a discussion of the Court's holding and the reasoning behind it.



#### **Constitutional Law Cases You Will Read in Law School**

by Charles River Editors

🚖 🚖 🚖 🚖 4.4 out of 5			
Language	;	English	
File size	;	724 KB	
Text-to-Speech	;	Enabled	
Screen Reader	;	Supported	
Enhanced typesetting	;	Enabled	
Word Wise	;	Enabled	
Print length	;	305 pages	
Lending	;	Enabled	



This book is an essential resource for any law student. It will help you understand the foundations of constitutional law and how it has evolved over time.

The First Amendment to the Constitution guarantees freedom of speech. This means that the government cannot censor speech or punish people for expressing their opinions. However, there are some exceptions to this rule. For example, the government can restrict speech that is likely to incite violence or that poses a clear and present danger to national security.

This chapter discusses some of the most important cases involving freedom of speech. These cases include:

- Schenck v. United States (1919): This case involved the prosecution of a man who distributed leaflets urging young men to resist the draft during World War I. The Supreme Court upheld the conviction, holding that the leaflets posed a clear and present danger to national security.
- Gitlow v. New York (1925): This case involved the prosecution of a man who published a pamphlet advocating the overthrow of the government. The Supreme Court upheld the conviction, holding that the pamphlet was likely to incite violence.
- Brandenburg v. Ohio (1969): This case involved the prosecution of a man who made a speech advocating violence against the government. The Supreme Court overturned the conviction, holding that the speech was not likely to incite imminent lawless action.

The First Amendment also guarantees freedom of religion. This means that the government cannot establish a state religion or favor one religion over another. However, the government can regulate religious practices if they pose a threat to public safety or Free Download.

This chapter discusses some of the most important cases involving freedom of religion. These cases include:

- Everson v. Board of Education (1947): This case involved a challenge to a state law that provided transportation for children to attend parochial schools. The Supreme Court upheld the law, holding that it did not violate the Establishment Clause.
- Lemon v. Kurtzman (1971): This case involved a challenge to state laws that provided funding for secular educational programs in parochial schools. The Supreme Court struck down the laws, holding that they violated the Establishment Clause.
- Church of the Lukumi Babalu Aye v. Hialeah (1993): This case involved a challenge to a city ordinance that prohibited the ritual sacrifice of animals. The Supreme Court struck down the ordinance, holding that it violated the Free Exercise Clause.

The Second Amendment to the Constitution guarantees the right to bear arms. However, this right is not absolute. The government can regulate the sale and possession of firearms, and it can prohibit certain types of weapons.

This chapter discusses some of the most important cases involving the right to bear arms. These cases include:

- United States v. Miller (1939): This case involved a challenge to a federal law that prohibited the possession of sawed-off shotguns. The Supreme Court upheld the law, holding that the shotguns were not commonly used for lawful purposes.
- District of Columbia v. Heller (2008): This case involved a challenge to a District of Columbia law that banned handguns. The Supreme Court struck down the law, holding that it violated the Second Amendment.
- McDonald v. City of Chicago (2010): This case involved a challenge to a Chicago ordinance that banned handguns. The Supreme Court struck down the ordinance, holding that it violated the Second Amendment.

This book has provided you with a comprehensive overview of the most important constitutional law cases that you will read in law school. These cases have shaped the way that we think about the relationship between the government and its citizens. They are essential reading for any law student who wants to understand the foundations of our constitutional system.



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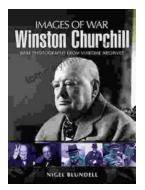
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